

MEM-205 Περιγραφική Στατιστική
Τμήμα Μαθηματικών και Εφ. Μαθηματικών, Πανεπιστήμιο Κρήτης

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$$Y_t = \overset{\downarrow}{T_t} + S_t + R_t$$

- ▶ Έστω S_t είναι p-periodic

$$S_t = S_{t+p}, \quad t = 1, \dots, N-p$$

$$[S_1, S_2, \dots, S_N]$$

- ▶ Εάν εφαρμόσουμε τον απλό κινητό μέσο p τάξης

$$S_t^* = S$$

$$p=2 \quad 2S=2 \Leftrightarrow S=1$$

$$2S+1 \quad \left[\frac{1}{4S}, \frac{1}{2S}, \dots, \frac{1}{2S}, \frac{1}{4S} \right]^T$$

$$\left[\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \right]^T$$

- ▶ Υποθέτουμε ότι $S_t^* = 0$, ενσωματώνοντας το S στη μακροχρόνια τάση

$$T'_t = T_t + S$$

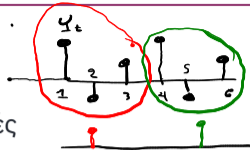
$$Y_t = \overbrace{T_t}^{T_t} + \overbrace{S_t}^{S_t} + R_t = \overbrace{T_t + S}^{T'_t} + \overbrace{S_t - S}^{S_t - S} + R_t$$

- ▶ Για ευκολία από εδώ και πέρα θα εννοούμε ως T_t το T'_t

Προσαρμογή της Εποχικότητας

$$Y_t = T_t + S_t + R_t \Rightarrow Y_t - S_t = T_t + R_t$$

$$Y_t^* = T_t^* + S_t^* + R_t^* = T_t^* + R_t^* \sim T_t + 0 = T_t$$



$$p=3$$

$$2s+1=3 \Leftrightarrow s=1$$

► Ορίζουμε τη χρονολογική σειρά με τις διαφορές

$$t = 1+s', \dots, N-s'$$

$$D_t = Y_t - Y_t^* \sim S_t + R_t, \quad t = 1+s', \dots, N-s'$$

$$T_t + S_t + R_t - T_t \sim S_t + R_t$$

► Ορίζουμε τα \bar{D}_t

$$\bar{D}_t = \frac{1}{n_t} \sum_{j=0}^{n_t-1} D_{t+jp}, \quad t = s+1, \dots, p$$

$$\bar{D}_t \sim S_t$$

$$\bar{D}_t = \frac{1}{n_t} \sum_{j=0}^{n_t-1} D_{t+(j+1)p}, \quad t = 1, \dots, s$$

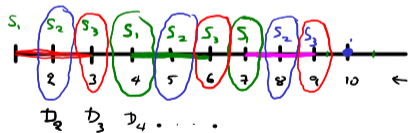
$$\bar{D}_1 \sim S_1$$

$$\bar{D}_2 \sim S_2$$

$$\bar{D}_3 \sim S_3$$

$N=10$

$$S_t = [S_1, S_2, S_3, S_1, S_2, S_3, S_1, S_2, S_3, S_1]$$



$$\bar{D}_1 = \frac{D_4 + D_7}{2} \quad \eta_1 = 2$$

$$\bar{D}_2 = \frac{D_2 + D_5 + D_8}{3} \quad \eta_2 = 3$$

$$\bar{D}_3 = \frac{D_3 + D_6 + D_9}{3} \quad \eta_3 = 3$$

- ▶ Προσεγγίζουμε τα S_t με τα \hat{S}_t

$$\hat{S}_t = \bar{D}_t - \frac{1}{\rho} \sum_{j=1}^{\rho} \bar{D}_j \sim S_t, \quad t = 1, \dots, \rho$$

$\hat{S}_t^* = 0$

- ▶ Επεκτείνουμε σε όλο το μήκος της χρονολογικής σειράς

$$\hat{S}_{t+j\rho} = \hat{S}_t, \quad j = 1, 2, \dots \quad t = 1, \dots, \rho$$

Απαλοιφή της εποχικής συνιστώσας

$$Y_t - \hat{S}_t \sim Y_t - S_t = T_t + R_t, \quad t = 1, \dots, N$$

Παράδειγμα

$$T_t = [10, 15, 22, 24, 33, 36, 40, 50, 55, 55, 58, 60]^T$$

$$S_t = [10, 6, 20, 10, 6, 20, 10, 6, 20, 10, 6, 20]^T \quad t=3$$

$$R_t = [-1, -2, 1, 1, -1, 2, 0, 1, -1, 2, -2, 0]^T$$

$$Y_t = [19, 19, 43, 35, 38, 58, 50, 57, 74, 67, 62, 80]^T$$

Παράδειγμα

$$T_t = [22, 27, 34, 36, 45, 48, 52, 62, 67, 67, 70, 72]^T$$

$$S_t = [-2, -6, 8, \left| -2, -6, 8, \left| -2, -6, 8, \left| -2, -6, 8 \right. \right. \right]^T \quad p=3 \leftarrow$$

$$R_t = [-1, -2, 1, 1, -1, 2, 0, 1, -1, 2, -2, 0]^T$$

$$\rightarrow Y_t = [19, 19, 43, 35, 38, 58, 50, 57, 74, 67, 62, 80]^T$$

Προσαρμογή της Εποχικότητας

Παράδειγμα

$$Y_t = [19, \overset{t=2}{19, 43, 35, 38, 58, 50, 57, 74, 67, 62}^{\overset{t=11}{80}}]^T, \quad p = 3 \quad s=1$$

$$Y_t^* = [27, 32.3, 38.6, 43.6, 48.6, 55, 60.3, 66, 67.6, 69.6]^T$$

$$D = [-8, 10.6, -3.6, -5.6, 9.3, -5, -3.3, 8, -0.6, -7.6]^T$$

$$\bar{D}_1 = \frac{-3.6 - 5 - 0.6}{3}$$

$$\bar{D}_2 = \frac{-8 - 5.6 - 3.3 - 7.6}{4}$$

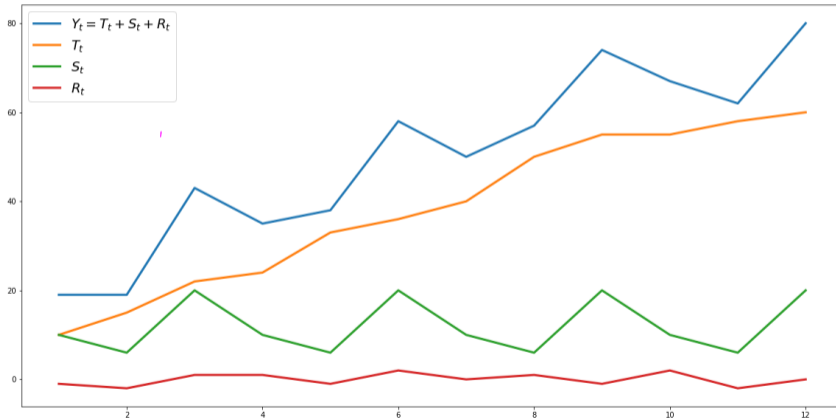
$$\bar{D}_3 = \frac{10.6 + 9.3 + 8}{3}$$

$$\bar{D}_1 = -3.1, \quad \bar{D}_2 = -6.16, \quad \bar{D}_3 = 9.3$$

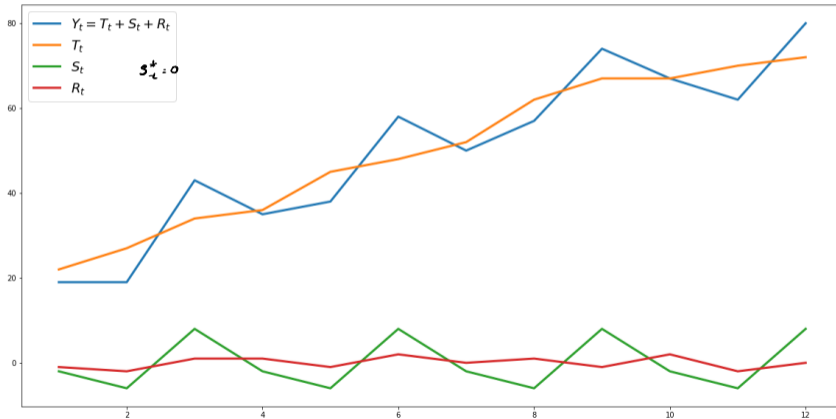
$$\hat{S}_1 = -3.13, \quad \hat{S}_2 = -6.18, \quad \hat{S}_3 = 9.31$$

$$E\{\bar{D}\} = \frac{\bar{D}_1 + \bar{D}_2 + \bar{D}_3}{3}$$

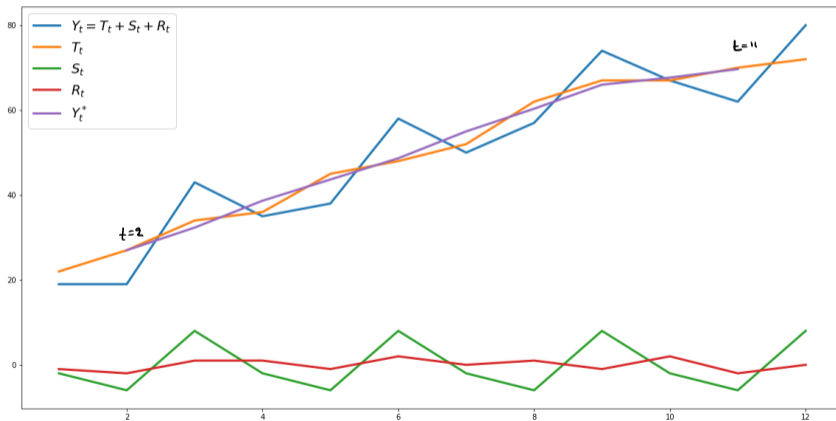
Παράδειγμα



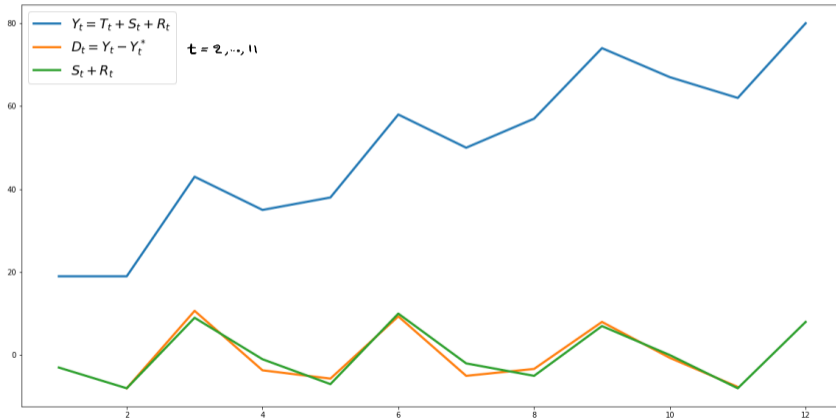
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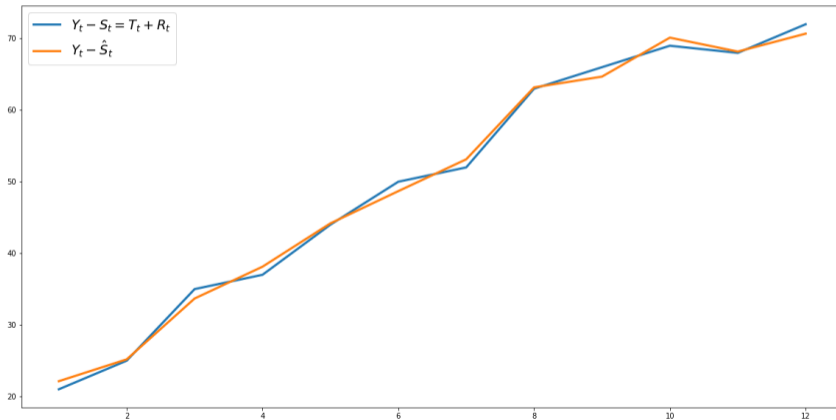
Παράδειγμα



Παράδειγμα



Παράδειγμα



Παράδειγμα

$$T_t = [10, 15, 22, 24, 33, 36, 40, 50, 55, 55, 58, 60]^T$$

$$\left[\frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{8} \right]^T$$

$$S_t = [10, 4, 5, 9, \overset{1/4}{10}, \overset{1/4}{4}, \overset{1/4}{5}, \overset{1/4}{9}, \left| 10, 4, 5, 9 \right|, \left| 10, 4, 5, 9 \right|^T \quad \tau=4$$

$$2s' = 4 \Leftrightarrow s' = 2$$

$$2s' + 1 = 5$$

$$\left[\frac{1}{4s}, \frac{1}{2s}, \dots, \frac{1}{2s}, \frac{1}{4s} \right]^T$$

$$R_t = [-1, -2, 1, 1, -1, 2, 0, 1, -1, 2, -2, 0]^T$$

$$Y_t = [9, 19, 43, 35, 38, 56, 50, 57, 74, 67, 62, 80]^T$$

Δείτε τις σωστές τιμές στην επόμενη διαφάνεια

Παράδειγμα

$$T_t = [17, 22, 29, 31, 40, 43, 47, 57, 62, 62, 65, 67]^T$$

$$S_t = [3, -3, -2, 2, 3, -3, -2, 2, 3, -3, -2, 2]^T$$

$$R_t = [-1, -2, 1, 1, -1, 2, 0, 1, -1, 2, -2, 0]^T$$

~~$Y_t = [15, 19, 13, 30, 38, 58, 59, 57, 74, 65, 69, 60]^T$~~ Δείτε τις σωστές τιμές στη επόμενη διαφάνεια

Παράδειγμα

$$Y_t = [\overset{19}{19}, \overset{17}{19}, \overset{28}{43}, \overset{34}{35}, \overset{42}{38}, \overset{42}{58}, \overset{45}{50}, \overset{60}{57}, \overset{64}{74}, \overset{61}{67}, \overset{61}{62}, \overset{69}{80}]^T, \quad p = 4$$

Παράδειγμα

$1+s=3$ $N-g=10$ $s=2$

$Y_t = [19, 19, 19, 33, 38, 58, 50, 67, 74, 61, 62, 80]$

~~Δείτε τις σωστές τιμές στη προηγούμενη διαφάνεια~~

$Y_t^* = [27.4, 33.4, 38.6, 44, 50, 55.1, 59.5, 62.6]^T$

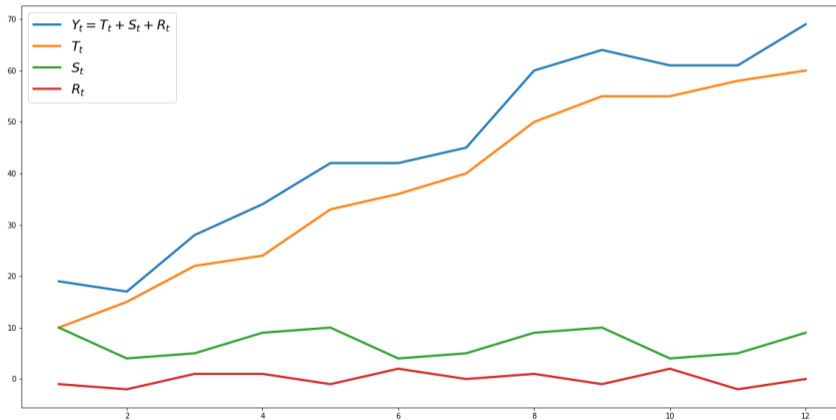
$D = [0.6, 0.6, 0.4, -2, -5, 4.9, 4.5, -1.6]^T$

$\bar{D}_1 = -3.94, \quad \bar{D}_2 = -1.81, \quad \bar{D}_3 = -2.19, \quad \bar{D}_4 = 2.75$

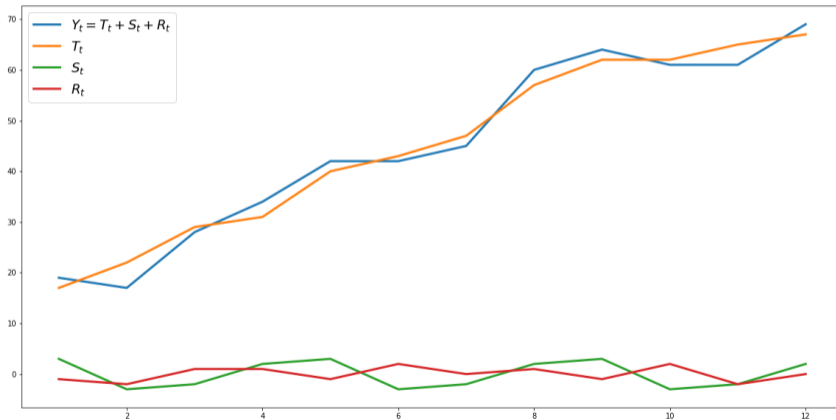
$\hat{S}_1 = 3.26, \quad \hat{S}_2 = -2.48, \quad \hat{S}_3 = -2.86, \quad \hat{S}_4 = 2.08$

→
θα το ξαναδείτε.

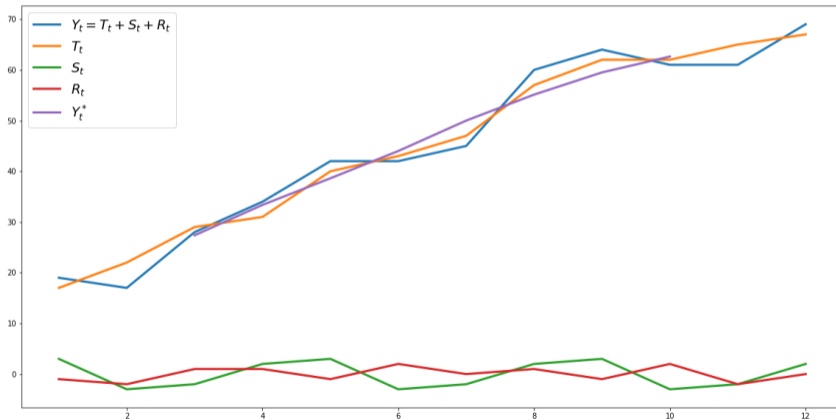
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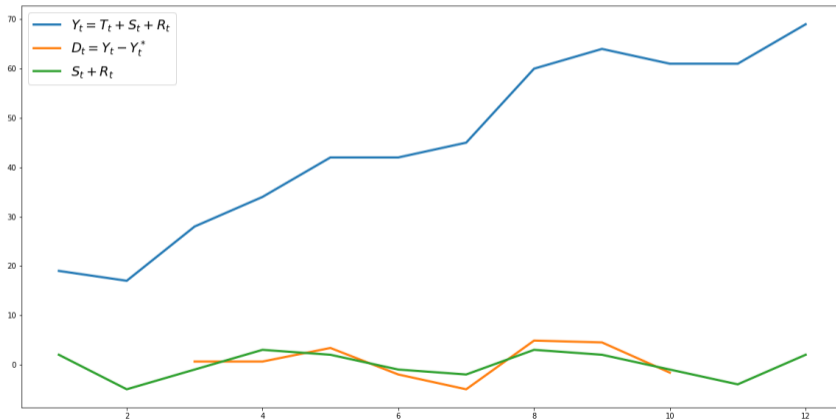
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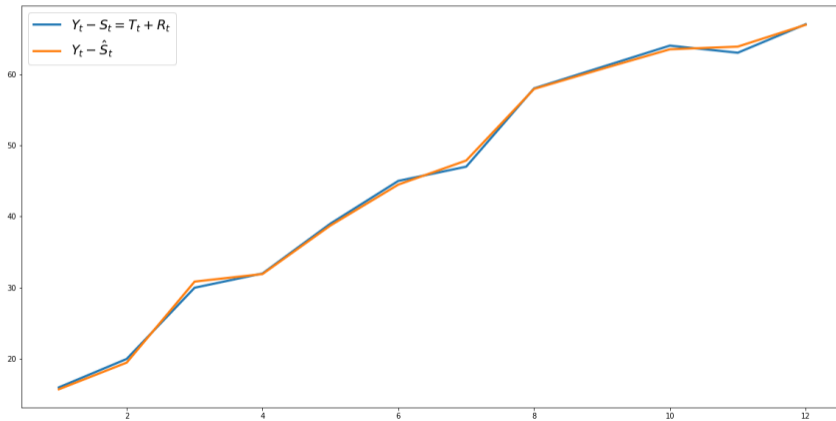
Παράδειγμα



Παράδειγμα



Παράδειγμα



Προσαρμογή της Εποχικότητας

$$Y_t \quad t=1, \dots, 120 \quad S_t \quad p=12 \quad 2,5^s = 12 \Leftrightarrow s=6$$

$$Y_t^* \quad , \quad t=7, \dots, 114$$

$$Y_t^* = \frac{1}{24} Y_{t-6} + \frac{1}{12} \sum_{u=-5}^5 Y_{t-u} + \frac{1}{24} Y_{t+6} \quad , \quad t=7, \dots, 114$$

$$t=7 \quad Y_7^* = \frac{1}{24} Y_1 + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{u=-5}^5 Y_{7-u} + \frac{1}{24} Y_{13}$$

$$D_t = Y_t - Y_t^* \quad , \quad t=7, \dots, 114$$

$$\bar{D}_t \quad , \quad t=1, \dots, 12$$

$$\hat{S}_t = \bar{D}_t - E\{\bar{D}_t\}$$

$$\frac{1}{12} \sum_{t=1}^{12} \bar{D}_t$$

$$Y_t - \hat{S}_t$$